Help Yourself in

READING

QUR'AN

(Arabic - English)



DARUSSALAM

GLOBAL LEADER IN ISLAMIC BOOKS

كيف تتلوالقران

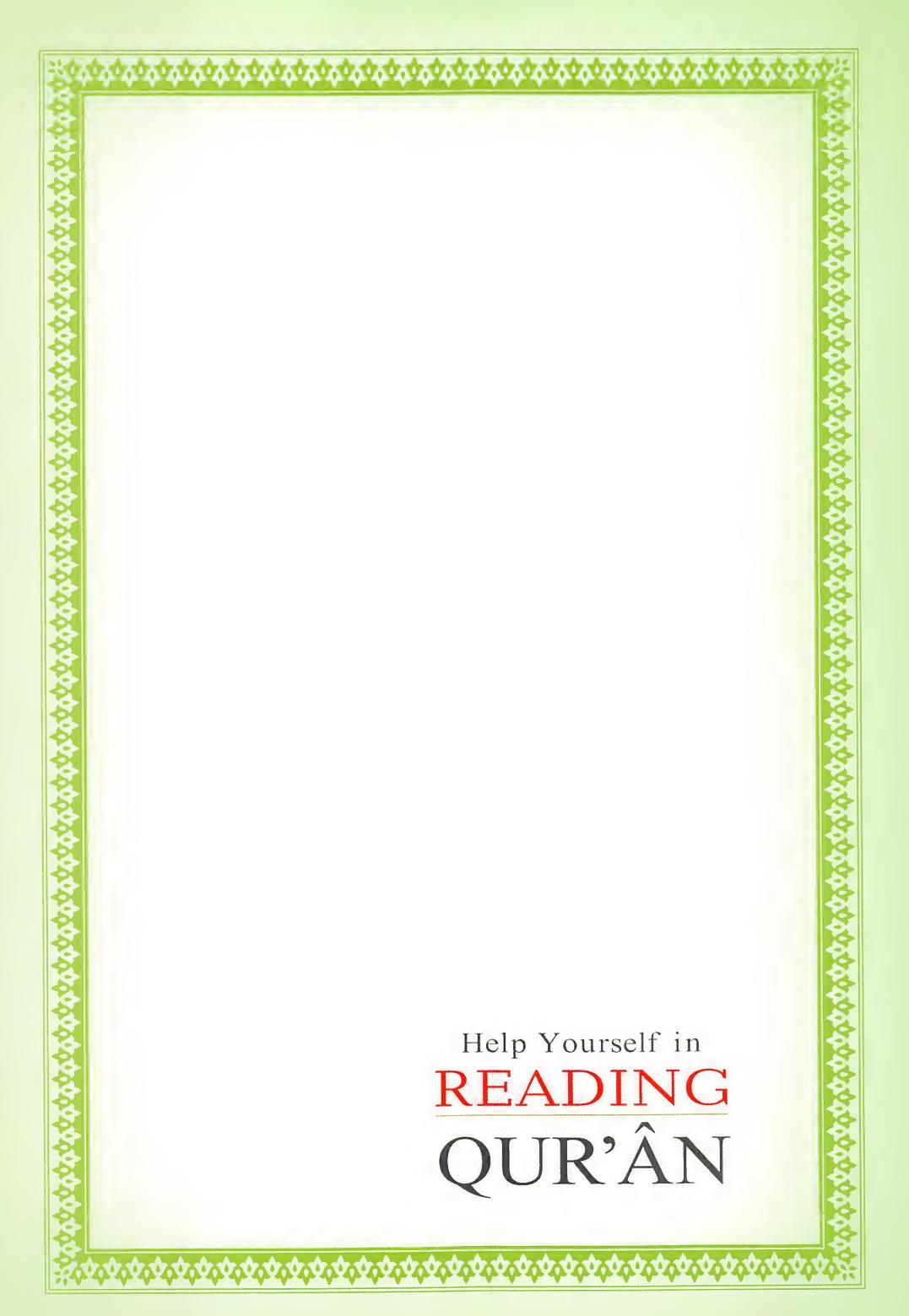




DARUSSALAM GLOBAL LEADER IN ISLAMIC BOOKS

Riyadh · Jeddah · Al-Khobar · Sharjah Lahore · London · Houston · New York

ISBN: 978-9960-740-49-8





جميع حقوق الطبع محفوظة © ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

No part of this book may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording or by any information storage and retrieval system, without the written permission of the publisher.

Revised Edition: 2010

Maktaba Dar-us-Salam, 1995

King Fahd National Library Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Abdus Salam, Qari

Help yourself in reading Qur'an. Riyadh.

64p., 17x24 cm

ISBN 9960-740-49-8

I-Arabic language-Study and teaching-Foreign speakers

I-Title

418.24 dc.

3684/15 Legal Deposit no.3684/15 ISBN 9960-740-49-8

HEAD OFFICE

P.O. Box: 22743, Riyadh 11416 K.S.A.Tel: 00966-1-4033962/4043432 Fax: 4021659 E-mail: darussalam@awalnet.net.sa, riyadh@dar-us-salam.com Website:www.darussalamksa.com

K.S.A. Darussalam Showrooms:

Riyadh

Olaya branch: Tel 00966-1-4614483 Fax: 4644945 Malaz branch: Tel 00966-1-4735220 Fax: 4735221 Suwaydi branch: Tel: 00966 1 4286641 Suwailam branch: Tel & Fax-1-2860422

Jeddah

Tel: 00966-2-6879254 Fax: 6336270

Madinah

Tel: 00966-04-8234446, 8230038

Fax: 04-8151121 Al-Khobar

Tel: 00966-3-8692900 Fax: 8691551

Khamis Mushayt

Tel & Fax: 00966-072207055

- Yanbu Al-Bahr Tel: 0500887341 Fax: 04-3908027
- Al-Buraida Tel: 0503417156 Fax: 06-3696124

U.A.E

 Darussalam, Sharjah U.A.E. Tel: 00971-6-5632623 Fax: 5632624 Sharjah@dar-us-salam.com.

PAKISTAN

- Darussalam, 36 B Lower Mall, Lahore Tel: 0092-42-724 0024 Fax: 7354072
- Rahman Market, Ghazni Street, Urdu Bazar Lahore Tel: 0092-42-7120054 Fax: 7320703
- Karachi, Tel: 0092-21-4393936 Fax: 4393937
- Islamabad, Tel: 0092-51-2500237 Fax: 512281513

U.S.A

Darussalam, Houston

P.O Box: 79194 Tx 77279 Tel: 001-713-722 0419 Fax: 001-713-722 0431 E-mail: houston@dar-us-salam.com

Darussalam, New York 486 Atlantic Ave, Brooklyn New York-11217, Tel: 001-718-625 5925 Fax: 718-625 1511

E-mail: darussalamny@hotmail.com

U.K

Darussalam International Publications Ltd. Leyton Business Centre

Unit-17, Etloe Road, Leyton, London, E10 7BT Tel: 0044 20 8539 4885 Fax:0044 20 8539 4889 Website: www.darussalam.com Email: info@darussalam.com

Darussalam International Publications Limited Regents Park Mosque, 146 Park Road London NW8 7RG Tel: 0044- 207 725 2246 Fax: 0044 20 8539 4889

AUSTRALIA

 Darussalam: 153, Haldon St, Lakemba (Sydney). NSW 2195, Australia Tel: 0061-2-97407188 Fax: 0061-2-97407199 Mobile: 0061-414580813 Res: 0061-2-97580190 Email: abumuaaz@hotamail.com

The Islamic Bookstore

Ground Floor-165 Haldon Street Lakemba, NSW 2195, Australia Tel: 0061-2-97584040 Fax: 0061-2-97584030 Email: info@islamicbookstore.com.au Web Site: www.islamicbookstore.com.au

Nasiruddin Al-Khattab 2-3415 Dixie Rd, Unit # 505

Mississauga Ontario L4Y 4J6, Canada Tel: 001-416-418 6619

FRANCE

Editions & Librairie Essalam 135, Bd de Ménilmontant- 75011 Paris Tél: 0033-01- 43 38 19 56/ 44 83 Fax: 0033-01-43 57 44 31 E-mail: essalam@essalam.com-

MALAYSIA

Darussalam

Int'l Publishing & Distribution SDN BHD D-2-12, Setiawangsa 11, Taman Setiawangsa 54200 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-42528200 Fax: 03-42529200 Email: darussalam@streamyx.com Website: www.darussalam.com.my

SRI LANKA

Darul Kitab 6, Nimal Road, Colombo-4 Tel: 0094 115 358712 Fax: 115-358713

INDIA

Islamic Books International 54, Tandel Street (North) Dongri, Mumbai 4000 09, INDIA Tel: 0091-22-2373 4180 E-mail: ibi@irf.net

SOUTH AFRICA

 Islamic Da'wah Movement (IDM) 48009 Qualbert 4078 Durban, South Africa Tel: 0027-31-304-6883 Fax: 0027-31-305-1292 E-mail: idm@ion.co.za



Help Yourself in

READING QUR'ÂN

Compiled by

Qari Abdussalam



DARUSSALAM GLOBAL LEADER IN ISLAMIC BOOKS

Riyadh · Jeddah · Al-Khobar · Sharjah Lahore · London · Houston · New York



PUBLISHER'S NOTE

The reading of Qur'ân is of prime importance to a Muslim. Qur'ân was revealed in Arabic language and it should also be read in Arabic only, because the actual meaning of Qur'ân in Arabic can not be expressed in the translation of any language. That is why, it is an established fact that the reading of any translation of Qur'ân does not mean that the actual Qur'ân has been read.

It is the basic teaching of Islam to read Qur'an as many times as one can. The reward of the recitation of Qur'an and remembrance of Allah is very great, and we can get that reward only if we are able to read the Qur'an in its original language Arabic.

But the Muslims, who can not read Arabic, are unable to get benefited by reading the Qur'an in its language. To ease them from this difficulty, we expressed our desire to Qari Abdus Salam to prepare some kind of helping guide, we are happy to express that Qari Abdus Salam prepared this book taking keen interest and using all his expertise of teaching Arabic language and Qur'an. May Allah favour him with His Mercy.

In this book, through transliteration, an easy approach has been offered to learn reading Arabic in a simple way. Through step by step lessons, all the necessary points are such explained that one can easily understand and read Arabic to earn the ability of reciting Qur'ân with its correct pronunciation. Hence this book is as useful for children as it is for elder people.

As no such attempt was made before, which can help people learning to read Arabic and recite Qur'an, we hope that all persons, who were unable to read Arabic, will appreciate our efforts and get the advantage.

We hope that Allâh will make our efforts successful and bless all of us abundantly—*Amin*.

Abdul Malik Mujahid
General Manager

The Arabic Alphabet

| Qaaf | ق | Zaa | j | Alif | 1 |
|--------|---|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|---|
| Kaaf | 5 | Seen | w | Baa | ب |
| Laam | J | <u>Sh</u> een | ش | Taa | ت |
| Meem | 1 | Şaad | ص | <u>Th</u> aa | ث |
| Noon | Ċ | ض Daad | ض | Jeem | 3 |
| Waaw | 9 | JaaTaa | ط | <mark>t</mark> Ḥaa | 2 |
| Haa | | <u>ظ</u> Zaa | ظ | <u>Kh</u> aa | خ |
| Hamzah | S | Aieen | ع | Daal | 3 |
| Yaa | ي | <u>E</u> <u>Gh</u> aieen | غ | <u>D</u> haal | 3 |
| Yaa | 2 | Faa | ف | Raa |) |

Exercise 1

| |) | 9 | ب |
|----------|---|--------|----------|
| ë | ش | ص | <u>ج</u> |
| <u>^</u> | ي | ن ن | ٥ |
| 7 | ٤ | \$ | س |
| ظ | ż | ف | j |
| ث | ض | J | ط |
| ي | | خ | 5) |
| | ت | | ė |

Vowels

There are six vowels in Arabic Alphabet, three of them are short and the other three are long.

Short Vowels

(i) Vowel "a" (
$$a = \angle Fathah$$
) ($Ja = \overleftarrow{z}$) ($Ba = \checkmark$)

This mark (\angle) written on the top of the Arabic letter is called *Fathah* and stands for short (a) this vowel is pronounced as "a" in the "apple".

(1) (Fathah <u>~</u>)

| Sha | ش | Kha | خ | Åa | a |
|----------------|----|-----|----|---------|---|
| Şa | صَ | Da | 3 | Ba | ب |
| ض Da | ضَ | Dha | Š | Ta | ت |
| ь Ta | ط | Ra | 5 | Tha | ث |
| ك Za | ظ | Za | 5 | Ja | É |
| & Aa | ف | Sa | سُ | т На | خ |

| Ha | Ó = _ A | La | j | <u>Gha</u> | غ |
|----|---------|----|---|------------|----|
| Åa | ć | Ma | Á | Fa | فَ |
| Ya | ي | Na | ن | Qa | ق |
| Ya | 2 | Wa | j | Ka | 5) |

Note:

The Arabic letters with vowels may be learnt by spellings as:

(Ba =
$$\checkmark$$
) Baa Fatḥah Ba

$$(Ja = 5)$$
 Jeem Fathah \underline{Ja}

Until you do not learn the previous lesson do not begin the next one.

$$(Ji = \overline{\zeta})$$
 (Bi = $\overline{\zeta}$)

This mark (—) written below the Arabic letter is called *Kasrah* which stands for short "i".

This "i" is pronounced as the vowel in "tin".

(2) (*Kasrah* –)

| ض Pi | ضِ | Di | ١ | fe | ٤ |
|----------------|----|-------------|---|-------------|----|
| Ti | ط | <u>Dh</u> i | خ | Bi | ب |
| ظ Zi | ظ | Ri | ز | Ti | تِ |
| E Ie | ع | Zi | ز | <u>Thi</u> | ث |
| <u>Ghi</u> | نف | Si | س | Ji | ج |
| Fi | فِ | <u>Sh</u> i | ش | Hi | ح |
| Qi | ق | ص Şi | ص | <u>Kh</u> i | خ |

| ie Ie | ۶ | Ni | نِ | Ki | خ |
|----------|---|----|--------|----|---|
| Ye | ي | Wi | و | Li | J |
| Ye | 5 | Hi | 0 = _0 | Mi | 7 |

Note:

These alphabets may be pronounced in this way:

(Bi =) Baa Kasrah Bi

 $(Ji = \mathbf{z})$ Jeem Kasrah \underline{Ji}

(Di = 🔰) Daal Kasrah <u>Di</u>

$$(Ju = \stackrel{?}{\smile}) (Bu = \stackrel{?}{\smile})$$

This mark () on the Arabic letter stands for short "u". This "u" is pronounced like the vowel in "pull".

This mark (-) is called in Arabic dammah.

(3) (dammah $\stackrel{4}{\sim}$)

| ظ Zu | ظ | <u>Dh</u> u | 9 | tu | Q & |
|---------|-----|----------------|-----|---------|-----|
| e Uu | ê | Ru | 3 | Bu | ب |
| Ghu | م س | Zu | ن | Tu | ي |
| Fu | 9.0 | Su | ىش | Thu | ٣ |
| Qu | ق | Shu | ش | Ju | 3 |
| Ku | 3 | ص Su | صُ | ر Hu | g |
| Lu | 9. | ض Pu | خ | Khu | 3 |
| Mu | 9 | ط Tu | ط ا | Du | 9 |

| Yu | ي | Hu | 9 | Nu | ن |
|----|----------|---------|--------|----|---|
| Yu | <u>R</u> | S Uu | g S | Wu | ĝ |

Note:

You may spell these letters in this way:

 $(\mathbf{Bu} = \mathcal{L})$ Baa Dammah \mathbf{Bu}

 $(Ju = \frac{2}{5})$ Jeem Dammah \underline{Ju}

(Du = 3) Daal Dammah Du

Exercise 2

(Read and Spell)

| ٩ | خ | سی | ب ب به | 3 |
|----------------------|----|----|--------------|----|
| 3 | j | ف | 9 5 | خ |
| ش | ر | _8 | ف | ي |
| <u>گ</u> <u>ک</u> | خ | ظ | シーシ | ق |
| ط | 4 | ص | ن | وُ |
| ? | ضَ | عُ | خ | 9 |

Absence of Vowel (Sukoon
$$\stackrel{\circ}{-}$$
 اُبُرْ)

(Jab = $\stackrel{\circ}{-}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{-}$) (Min = $\stackrel{\circ}{-}$)

This circle (—) above the letter is called *Sukoon*. It indicates that such a letter is not followed by any vowel sound, but the alphabet with *Sukoon* is joined with the former alphabet.

(4) (Sukoon •)

| At. | أط | Áď | 3 1 | Áb | ب آ |
|----------|-----|----|------|----|------|
| d a I t | إط | Íď | 31 | Íb | إن |
| Ut Ut | الط | Ůď | 3 | Üb | ١٠٠ |
| Ágh | ١٩١ | AS | أس | Áj | ا ج |
| Ígh | 0 | is | إِسْ | İj | اع ج |
| Ugh | ٥٠٤ | US | أس | Üj | ا ج |

| Din | دِن | Ím | ٥ | Åf | أف |
|-----|--------|-----|-----|----|-----|
| Dur | ع ک | Ůů | o i | fq | إق |
| Qui | ق ل | Jan | ئخ | Uĸ | 5) |
| Hum | هُ مُ | Jin | نِ | ÅÅ | ا أ |

Note:

You may spell this lesson in this way:

 $(\mathring{A}\mathring{b} = \mathring{J})$ Hamzah Fathah Baa Sakin $\overset{\circ}{A}\overset{\circ}{b}$

(أَلُّ = بَالُّ) Hamzah Kasrah Baa Sākin bb

(Ub = بالله) Hamzah Dammah Baa Sākin Ub

(Jin = うて) Jeem Kasrah Noon Sākin Jin

Exercise 3

| ١٥٥ | و ا | ا ف | ا ا ا | أب |
|-------|------|--------|-------------|---------|
| إِوْ | 0 % | أش | أط | بِ |
| ا و | ا ا | إش | اعط | ب ا |
| أت | j | ا مهم | o L | ا ج |
| إت | ١٥٠ | الم ا | o Le | الح الح |
| ت مجد | 06 | ا في ا | 0 S S | o de |
| أث | وع | و ق | اع م | 3 1 |
| بِاث | e de | ١٥٥ | نِي | 3 |
| و م | أص | ١ | | 0 8 |
| ا ي | ا ص |) 9 5 | أُف | أس |
| اي | ا ص | اً ح | ا في ا | إس |

Long Vowels

(i) Vowel
$$(\bar{\mathbf{a}} = \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{A} \text{lif } \mathbf{M} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h})$$

 $(\mathbf{J} \bar{\mathbf{a}} = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h})$
 $(\mathbf{J} \bar{\mathbf{a}} = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h})$

If the letter Alif () comes after an alphabet with Fathah (\angle), then this Alif will be pronounced like double Fathah and this "a" is pronounced like "a" of "father".

| Joi | nt / unjoint | Joint / unjoint | |
|----------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Aa Aa | عَ ا = عَا | Da | 15 = 15 |
| Ta | ت ۱ = تا | Ra | 15 = 15 |
| Fa | ف ١ = فا | Ba | ب ۱ = با |
| Ka | 5 = 1 5 | Ja | حَ ١= جا |
| Lā | <u>1</u> = 1 | Sa | س ا = سا |
| Ma | م ا = ما | S a | صَ ا= صَا |
| Nā | ن ۱ = نا | Ta | ط ۱ = طا |
| Qā | ق ۱ = قا | Ha | ه ۱ = ها |

(ii) Long Vowel (
$$\bar{\mathbf{u}} = \mathbf{j}$$
 Waaw Maddah)
($J\bar{\mathbf{u}} = \mathbf{j}$ ($B\bar{\mathbf{u}} = \mathbf{j}$ ($B\bar{\mathbf{u}} = \mathbf{j}$)

If the letter Waaw () with Sukoon() comes after an alphabet with Pammah (), then this Waaw which is called Waaw Maddah will be pronounced like double Pammah "u" and this "u" is pronounced like the vowel of "food".

| Joi | Joint / unjoint | | int / unjoint |
|-----|---|---------|---------------|
| Mū | مُ و = مُو | Bū | بُ وْ= بُوْ |
| Nū | تُ و = نو | Jū | جُ وْ = جُوْ |
| Hū | ه و عدو | Sū. | ص و حو |
| Yū | يُ و = يُو | Tu | طُ وْ= طُوْ |
| Dū | و في الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل | E Uū | ع و عو |
| Zū | زُو = زُو | Fū | ف و فو |
| Sū | ش و = شو | Kū | ائ و عو |
| Tū | ت و = تو | Lū | ك و = كو |

(iii) Long Vowel (
$$\bar{i} = \mathring{\mathcal{L}}$$
 Yaa $Maddah$)
($J\bar{i} = \mathring{\mathcal{L}} = (B\bar{i} = (\bar{i} + \bar{i}))$

| Joi | nt / unjoint | Joint / unjoint | |
|-----|--------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Lī | لِ يْ= لِيْ | Bi | بِيْ = بِيْ |
| Mi | مِيْ= مِيْ | Jī | ج ي= جي |
| Nī | نِ يْ= نِيْ | Shi | شِيْ= شِيْ |
| Hī | هِ يْ= هِيْ | Ţi | طِيْ= طِيْ |
| Yī | ي ي= پي | Ei | ع ي= عي |
| Sī | سِيْ= سِيْ | Fi | فِيْ = فِيْ |
| Dī | دِ يْ= دِيْ | Kī | الِ يْ= كِي |
| Zī | زِ يْ= زِيْ | Si | صِيْ= صِيْ |

Exercise 4

(Revision)

| Mixed | Yaa Maddah | Waaw Maddah | Alif Maddah |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | بِ يْ = بِيْ | بُ و= بُوْ | دُ ١ = دُ١ |
| o <i>S</i> | ج يْ=جِيْ | ج و = جو | ر ۱ = را |
| • / | شِ يْ=شِيْ | صُ و = صُوْ | ب ۱ = با |
| عــًا | طِيْ = طِيْ | طُ و = طُو | جَ ١ = جــَا |
| مُوْ | عِيْ = عِيْ | عُ وْ= عُوْ | سَ ۱ = سا |
| نِي | فِيْ = فِيْ | ف و = فو | صَ ۱ = صا |
| 13 | كِيْ = كِيْ | كُ و = كُو | طُ ١ = طُا |
| بگو | لِ يْ = لِيْ | لُ و = لُوْ | ع ۱ = عـا |
| جئ | م يْ = مِيْ | مُ و = مُو | ف ۱ = فا |
| ســا | نِ يْ = نِيْ | هُ وْ = هُوْ | ك ١ = ك |
| سِيْ | هِ يُ = هِي | ي و = يو | لَ ١ = لا |
| سُوْ | ييْ=يي | حُ و=حُـوْ | مُ ا = مــا |

(i) Different joint shapes of Compounds Words.

| | 2 | | 1 |
|------------------|-----|---------------|-----|
| Baa Haa Raa | بهر | Laam Alif | 7 |
| Aieen Aieen | عع | Laam Jeem | لج |
| Aieen Noon Haa | عنه | Kaaf Laam | كل |
| Laam Haa | لله | Baa Laam Baa | بلب |
| Laam Yaa Haa | ليه | Kaaf Alif | 5 |
| Khaa Dhaal Taa | خذة | Taa Kaaf Thaa | تکث |
| Taa Meem Taa | تت | Thaa Meem Yaa | ثمي |
| Yaa Ḥaa | يح | Qaaf Paad Yaa | قضي |
| Seen Hamzah Laam | سئل | Yaa Thaa Noon | یثن |
| Taa Ḥaa Taa | تحت | Thaa Baa Laam | ثبل |
| Baa Aieen Daal | بعد | Baa Laam Daal | بلد |
| Yaa Seen | يس | Yaa Faa Raa | يفر |
| Taa Gheen Dhal | تغذ | Noon Saad | نـص |

(ii) Compound Words with Short Vowel (Fathah $\angle = a$)

(Read the syllables and then the word)

| | 2 | | 1 |
|--------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| Sa La Ma | سُلُم | Åa Ba | أُبَ |
| Ra Za Qa | رَزَق | Da Ma | دَ مَ |
| Ba Da Na | بَدَنَ | Ra Sa | ر س |
| Da Ra Sa | دَرَسَ | Wa La | وَ لَ |
| Wa Ra Tha | وَرَثَ | Şa Fa | صَفَ |
| Aa Ma La | عَمَلَ | Ba Sa | بَسَ |
| ٽ Da Ra Ba | ضَرَب | Ya Da | يَدَ |
| Ma Ra Þa | مَرَضَ | Ja Ra | جَوَ |
| Ha La Ka | هَلَكَ | Ka Ta | كُتُ |
| Dha Ka Ra | ذكر | Ma Aa | مَع |
| Ra Fa Aa | رَفْعَ | La Ka | لُكُ |
| Sa La Ma | سَلَمَ | Ta Na | تَنَ |

(iii) Compound Words with Short Vowel (Kasrah = i)

| | 2 | | 1 |
|---------------|--------|------------|-------|
| Yi Hi | په | ie Bi | ا ب |
| že Bi Li | ا بـل | Di Mi | د م |
| Fi Li Mi | فلم | Ri Si | رِ سِ |
| Ri Zi Qi | رِزقِ | Wi Li | ول |
| Si Ri Fi | سِرِفِ | و Le Ți | عط |
| E Ie Mi Di | عمد | Mi Li | مِـلِ |
| Mi Li Ki | مِلِكِ | Si Ri | سِر |
| Fi Ie Li | فعل | Fi Ki | فِلِي |
| Qi Di Ri | قِدِر | Bi Ni | بِن |
| Dhi Hi Ni | ذِهِنِ | Bi Ki | بك |
| Ji Ri Bi | جرب | Ji Bi | جب |

(IV) Compound Words with Short Vowel

 $(\underline{Dammah} = \underline{\mathcal{S}} = \mathbf{u})$

| | 2 | | 1 |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------|---------|
| Du Ru Su | د ر ش | u Bu | ا ب |
| Mu Ru Du | مرد | Du Mu | 2 9 6 |
| Ju Ru Fu | جرف ج | Ru Su | رُ ش |
| Uu Lu Mu | عُلْمُ | Wu Lu | ۇ ق |
| ح ص Şu Ḥu Fu | م و و | Du Uu | د ع |
| Ru Su Lu | و هر هر | Ju Fu | جف |
| Shu Khu Dhu | المرابع المرابع | Ku Lu | كُلُ |
| Ku Tu Bu | ع ۾ ۾ | Shu Khu | شخ |
| Uu Nu Qu | عنق | Nu Su | فسى فسي |
| ض Mu Ru Þu | مُوض | Hu Shu | هش |
| Mu Ru Du | مرض | ض Hu Du | حض |
| Su Ru Ru | سور | Uu Qu | عق |

Exercise 5

| وُ قُ | فِلِي | بَدُنَ | اً ب |
|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| 23 | يه | دَ رَسَ | د م |
| ج في | بحب | ضَرَب | رَ ش |
| 35 | ابل | مَرضَ | وَ لَ |
| شخ | فِلِم | 1. | صف |
| هش | رِزقِ | زم | بَسَ |
| عق | مِلِكِ | رس | تُنَ |
| د رس | قِدر | ١٥ | کُتُ |
| ه و و | م م | عط | مُع |
| م و و | 2 2 | ملِ | لَـك |
| وسل | و س | سِرِ | سَلَمَ |
| ع ۾ ۾ ڪ | شرف | وزن | جُرُب |

| Revision | | Miscellaneous | |
|-------------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| Åb | أَبْ | Åa Na | أن |
| Min | مِنْ | Hu Wa | هُوَ |
| Hud | ئے | Li Ya | لِيَ |
| Aa Ra <u>Sh</u> a | عَرَشَ | Ta Ku | تَكُ |
| Lil | لل | u Mi La | أُمِلَ |
| ص Nu Şi Ra | نُصِرَ | La Țu Fa | , 9 - |
| ا Il Mu | علم | Khu Li Qa | خُلِق |
| Las Ta | لُسْتُ | Qa La Mi | قَلَم |
| Kun Tu | كافي | Ra Bi Ḥa | رَبِحَ |
| Nah Nu | نَحْنُ | Sa Mi Aa | سَمِعَ |
| Mul Ki | مُلْكِ | Fi Ka Ri | فِكرِ |

Alif (Hamzah) with Sukoon (-i)

$$(Ja \mathring{a} = \mathring{i} = \mathring{i})$$
 (Ba $\mathring{a} = \mathring{i}$)

| Raa Sa | رَأْسَ | Taå | تَاءُ |
|---------|--------|-----|-------|
| Kaa Sa | كَأْسَ | Raå | زأ |
| Faa Ti | فَأْتِ | Saå | سَا |
| Shaa Nu | شائ | Maå | مُا |

Some more Words

| idha Ḥasada | إِذَاحَسَدَ | Ta Qi | تَقِيْ |
|--------------|----------------|----------|--------|
| Lam Yalid | لَمْيَلِدُ | Qī La | قِیْل |
| Wa Lam Yūlad | وَلَمْ يُولَدُ | Fī Hi | فيه |
| Aa Bu Du | أعبد | Aa Jab | عَجَبْ |
| Na Bu Du | نعبد | Ka Ram | كرم |
| Ån Am Ta | أنعمت | Yu Ka Dh | يُكُذُ |
| Ånta | أثث | La Hum | لَهُمْ |

Words of "Leen" Waaw — Yaa

$$(\underline{Khay} = \mathring{z} \dot{z})$$
 ($\underline{Khaw} = \mathring{z} \dot{z}$)

| Åy Na | أين | ÅW | اً وْ |
|-------------|---------|-------------|-------|
| Law Ḥi | لَوْح | Åy | أي |
| Khay Ra | خير | Daw | دَ وْ |
| Khaw Fu | خوف | Day | دَ يْ |
| Bay Ti | بیْت | Jaw | جَـوْ |
| Qaw Su | قَوْش | Jay | جَـيْ |
| Ay Ni | عَيْنِ | <u>Shaw</u> | شــو |
| Yaw Ma | يَـوْمَ | <u>Shay</u> | شـئ |
| ض Ḥaw Ḍu | حَـوْضَ | Law | لَـوْ |
| Kay Fa | كيف | Lay | لَـيْ |
| Khay La | خيْل | Haw | هَـوْ |
| Lay Li | لَيْلِ | Hay | هَـيْ |

Exercise 6

| دُ يُ | شان | مِنْ | زُانَ |
|---------------|------------|---------|--------|
| جَـوْ | أُب | عَـرَشَ | هُـوَ |
| جَـيْ | كُدُ | نَصِرَ | لِـي |
| شو | زَادَ | نحن | تَكُ |
| شگ | نوم | تاء | أُمِل |
| أين | كفي | زأ | , 9, - |
| خير | كرم | سُاءُ | خُلِق |
| خوف | إذاحسك | مُاءُ | قلم |
| بَيْتِ | 9 4 | رَأْسَ | ربح |
| أَلُمْ تُر | اً ي | كَأْسَ | بَدُنَ |
| كَيْفَ فَعَلَ | د و | فَأْتِ | سَمِعَ |

Compound Words with four alphabets

| Ya Khā fu | يخاف | Tā li bu | طَالِبُ |
|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|
| Ma aa kum | مَعَكُمْ | Aā di li | عَادِلِ |
| Ú s kun | اسكن | A <u>kh</u> ra ja | أخرج |
| Ra hee mi | زجيم | Aa bu du | أعبد |
| Qu ri åa | قرئ | Kaw tha ra | كُوثر |
| Yal aa bu | يَلْعَبُ | Yur si la | يُرْسِلَ |
| ض ع Aa ri d | أغرض | Yugh ni | يغزعي |
| Ålam na <u>sh</u> raḥ | | أكم نشرخ | |
| Laka şad ra ka | | لَـكُ صَـدُرك | |
| Wa idha qeela la hum | | وَإِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُمْ | |
| Wa mā ka sa ba | | وَمَا كَسَبَ | |

Exercise 7

| 0 | 9 | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------|---------|
| يُلْعَبُ | مَعَكُمْ | كۇثر | طَالِبُ |
| أغرض | اسگن | يُوسِلَ | عَادِلِ |
| يَهْدِيْ | زجيم | يغني | أخرج |
| تَجْدِيْ | قرئ | يَخاف | أعبد |
| أَلَهْ نَشْرَحْ لَلِي صَدْرُكَ | | | |

أَفَلاً يَعْلَمُ إِذَا بُعْتِرَ

وقال الإنسان مالها

(Tanween الماسية (Tanween الماسية)

Tanween means two times short vowels on the alphabet which sounds like Noon "نون" with Sukoon

| ةٍ = تِنْ | An = An | اً = أَنْ |
|------------|---|-----------|
| ة = تن | Ban = Ban | بً=بَنْ |
| مًا=مَنْ | Jan = Jan | جً = جَنْ |
| م = مِن | $\mathbf{\tilde{I}n} = \mathbf{\tilde{I}n}$ | اٍ = إِنْ |
| م = مُن | Bin = Bin | ب=بن |
| رًا = رَنْ | Jin = Jin | ج=جن |
| وًا = وَنْ | Un = Un | |
| ذًى=ذَنْ | Bun = Bun | ب = بئ |
| كًا | Jun = Jun | مج = جن |
| رًى | Tan = Tan | ةً = تَنْ |
| | | |

| Qad Rin | قدر | Fan | فًى |
|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| Naf Sin | نَفْسِ | Bad Rin | بَدْرِ |

Some more Words

| Aa lee mun | عَلِيم | ض ع Baa din | بغض |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|---------|
| Å ma ran | أمرًا | Shaa nin | شاًت |
| E Ina ban | عنبا | Shay in | شي |
| Riz qan | رِزقًا | Na și rin | ناصِرٍ |
| Dhar an | ذُرْعًا | Ki lā bin | كِلاَبٍ |
| Us ran | عُسْرًا | Dā run | 315 |
| Ya dan | يَـدًا | ض Da ra bun | ضرب |
| Hu dan | هُدًى | Sh am sun | شمش |
| Qud ra tan | قُدْرَةً | Qa ma run | قمر |
| ص Ṣa da qa tan | صَدَقَةً | Um yun | عُمْيً |

| E Il min | عالم | Ba si tun | بَاسِطُ |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|---------|
| Sha kū run | شگور | Sa mee un | سَمِيْغ |
| Qu ray <u>Sh</u> in | قريش | Nu su kin | نساكٍ |
| Şin wa nun | صِنْوَاتْ | Jah ra tan | جَهْرَة |
| Bun yā nun | بنيان | Ra uoo fun | رَعُوفْ |

Miscellaneous

| Bay na kum | | Ån ta | أُنْت |
|----------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|
| Tab ta ghi | تبنغي | Ån aam ta | أنعمت |
| Ghi sha wa tun | غشاؤة | Min hum | منهم |
| Al ḥam du | الحمد | Min Åaja lin | مِنْأَجَلٍ |
| Nū ḥee hi | نوحيه | Åa la mu | أعلم |
| Faw qa ha | فَوْقَهَا | E In da | عند |
| Aa lay him | عكيهم | Ån <u>sh</u> a ra | أُنْشَرَ |

| | | · | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| تَحْيَوْنَ | Un zi la | أنزل | | |
| تَأُوِيْلُ | Ån fu sa | أنْفُسَ | | |
| 28 00 | Ya tee man | يَتِيمًا | | |
| يُسْرًا | Yan qa li bu | ينقلِب | | |
| عنبا | Fa raq na | فَرَقْنَا | | |
| Min khaw fin | | مِنْ خَوْفٍ | | |
| Ru uoo su ka | | رُغُوسُ لَكَ | | |
| | ئۇن | مًا ثنب | | |
| E Aay nun jā riya tun | | عَيْنْ جَارِية | | |
| Dha maq ra ba tin | | ذَا مَــقــ | | |
| Nā run ḥā miya tun | | نارٌحامِ | | |
| | تأويل بعنبا عنبا a tin | اریت الله Ya tee man Yan qa li bu Fa raq na وفو الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل | | |

| صَدَقَةً | خرب | مًا =مَنْ | |
|----------|---------|------------|-----------|
| عِـلْم | شُمْسُ | م = مِنْ | بً=بَنْ |
| شگور | قَمَرُ | م = مُن | جً = جُنْ |
| طيرًا | عمي | رًا = رَقْ | اٍ = إِنْ |
| قريب | بَاسِطُ | بَدْرٍ | ب=بن |
| نسك | سُمِيْع | قدر | ج=جن |
| جَهْرَةً | عليم | نَفْسٍ | |
| قريش | رِزقًا | بغض | ب = بن |
| عنبا | عُسرًا | شاْتٍ | ج = جن |
| أنعمت | يَـدًا | شَيْءٍ | ةً = تن |

| منهم | هُدًى | ناصِرٍ | ةٍ = تِنْ |
|----------------|------------|------------|-----------------|
| صِنْوَاتٌ | قُدْرَةً | 313 | ة = ثن |
| قَادِرٍ | أنشر | فَرَقْنَا | بنيان |
| قَوْلاً غَيْرَ | أنول | تَبْتغي | مِنْأَجَلٍ |
| يتيما | 28 00 | غشاؤة | وَانْحُرْ |
| ذَا مَقْرَبَةٍ | تَحْيَوْنَ | نوحيه | مِنْخُوْفٍ |
| أعْلَمُ | تأويل | فَوْقَهَا | نَارُّحَامِيَةٌ |
| مَا ثُبْدُوْنَ | رُغُوْسُكَ | عَلَيْهِمْ | ينقلِب |
| بعِیْدًا | يسرًا | أنت | عَيْنْجَارِيَةُ |
| مُصِيْرًا | رَعُوفِ | عند | الْحَمْدُ |

Erect Fathah ($\bot = \overline{a}$) pronounces like Alif Maddah, Erect Kasrah ($\lnot = \overline{i}$) pronounces like Yaa Maddah. — And Inverted Dammah ($\pounds = \overline{u}$) pronounces like Waaw Maddah.

| Na | ن = نا | Åa | |
|----------------|----------|----------------|---------------------|
| Yā | ي = يا | Ba | ب= ب |
| ř e | ۽ = اِي | Ja | خ = جـُا |
| Bi | ب=بِيْ | Da | 13 = 3 |
| Ji | ج = جعي | Ş a | ص= صا |
| Di | د = دِيْ | Ļ a | ط= طـا |
| Sī | س= سِي | Fa | ف=ف |
| <u>ف</u> Di | ض=ضي | Aa Aa | ع = عًا |
| Ži Ži | ظ=ظئ | La | V = V |
| | | | |

| <u>Gh</u> i | غ = غيي | Ma | م = مًا |
|-------------|----------|-------------|---------|
| Zu | ز= زو | Qi | ق = قِئ |
| Ru | ز= رُو | Kī | ك = كي |
| <u>Sh</u> u | ش= شو | Wi | و = وي |
| Fu | ف=فو | Hi | ه = هي |
| Lu | ل = لُوْ | Uoo | ء = او |
| Mu | م = مُو | Bu | ب = بو |
| Wu | و = وُو | Ju | ج = جو |
| Hu | ه = هـو | <u>Kh</u> u | خ = خو |

Some more Words

| Ma-ta | مَـتـىٰ | Åa-da-ma | ادَم |
|--------------|-----------|--------------------|---------|
| Ka-fa | كفلى | Åā-ma-na | أمَـنَ |
| Yaḥ-yā | يَحْيىٰ | Q a -la | قُلَ |
| Sul-ța-nun | 28 10 8 | Q a -la | قَالَ |
| Í-la-ha | إله | Ma-li-ki | مَالِكِ |
| Ma-åā-ri-bu | مَارِبُ | Ma-li-ki | مٰلِكِ |
| Ha-wa-hu | هـوه | Ha-dha | هذا |
| Ya-rā-hu | يَـرْنـهُ | Dha-li-ka | ذٰلِكَ |
| Ta-ra-ka | تَـرْىكَ | Bi-hi | ب |
| Ta-la-ha | تالها | Fi-hi | فیہ |
| Sa-ma-wa-tin | سَمُوْتِ | Nu-ri-hi | نُورِهٖ |
| Áa-ya-ti-na | ايتنا | Ba-di-hi | بغده |

| Ka-li-ma-ti-hi | كلِـمتِه | Qab-li-hi | قبله |
|----------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------|
| Sub-ḥā-na-hū | شبخنه | Qi-li-hi | قِيلِه |
| Íb-ra-hi-ma | إِبْرَاهِمَ | Ru-su-li-hi | رُسُلِه |
| Ĭ <mark>e-la-fi-him</mark> | الفهم | Şifā-ti-hi | صِفاتِه |
| Yuḥ-yi | يُحْبَى | La-hu | ئے |
| Yas-ta-woo-na | يَسْتَوْنَ | Ya-ra-hu | يَـرَهُ |
| Naḥ-nu | نَحْنُ | Ma-aa-hu | مُعَهُ |
| La-hu | نَاهُ | Sa-mi-aa-hu | سَمِعَهُ |
| Mus-li-mu-na | مُسْلِمُوْنَ | T Ḥaw-la-hu | حَوْلَهُ |
| Ís-ḥā-qa | إسحق | Ån-za-la-hu | أنْزَلَه |
| Is-ma-ie-la | إشمعيل | E In-da-hu | عنده |
| Da-wu-da | دَاؤُودَ | Yan-șu-ru-hu | ينصره |
| | | | |

| س = سُو | ق = قِي | الح = كا | |
|-----------|---------------|----------|----------|
| ش= شو | ل = لِي | م = ما | ب=ب |
| ض=صُـو | ن = نِي | و = وا | ج = جـُا |
| ظ = طُـوْ | م = مِيْ | ی=یا | خ = حًا |
| غ = غو | و = وي | ع=ائي | 15 = 5 |
| ق = قُو | ٥ = هِـي | ب=بي | ز= را |
| ك = كُوْ | ې=يي | ت=تِئ | ز= زا |
| م = مُـوْ | ې=ي | خ = خي | س= سَا |
| ن = نىۋ | ء = أو | ذ = ذِيْ | ص= صا |
| و = وو | ب= بىق | ش= شِي | ط=طا |
| هـ = هـ و | ج = جُـوْ | ض=ضِيْ | ع = عا |
| ي= يُـوْ | ڑ= <u>ڈ</u> و | ظ=ظي | ف=ف |

| سبيله | نُـوْرِهٖ | أمَن | قَالَ = قَالَ |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| مَالِه | بغاره | به | شبْحَانك |
| ح قب ه | قبله | فِيه | شبخنك |
| لَ هُ وْ | قِیله | يُ څ ې | كُلِمَاتٍ |
| لَهُوْ | رُسُلِه | يگئي | كُلِمْتٍ |
| لَـهٔ | صِفَاتِه | إبرهم | قبتت |
| أمره | وجهه | نُـوْرِهِ يُ | ادَمَ |
| لگ | ذَالِكَ = ذل | ک | مَالِكِ = مُالِ |
| حِه | بمؤخز | ب | كِتَابْ=كِتْ |
| شلطنه | | حَمِدَهُ | دَاوُودَ |
| مَوَازِنُهُ | | أخرجا | دَاؤدَ |
| مَوَازِيْنُهُ | | سُبْحنه | كلِمشه |
| عِنْدَهٔ | | شلطان | أثقله |

| جئنهم | رَازِقِينَ | يَـرَهُ |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| وَ أَتُو بِيْ | غُفْرَانكَ | ينصره |
| تُلْونَ | يسئمون | عَرْشَـهُ |
| بِالْهُدِي | أبويه | أُخْلَدُهُ |
| إشمعيال | قرأت | نَـُحنُ لَـهُ |
| وَإِسْحٰقَ | فاكهة | مُسْلِمُوْنَ |
| ويعقسوب | اذانهم | تكاثــُرُ |
| وَ لَا تَعْشَوْا | مكل | عَـلَيْنَا |
| في الأرْض | صَلوة | ترَوْنَـهُمْ |
| مُفْسِدِينَ | ۇسعها | حسابية |
| تعلمون | تُرْزَقنِه | شهادة |
| تجنزون | تُرْزَقَانِهٖ | لِلْخُرُوْجِ |

This sign (—) written above the Arabic alphabet is called "Shaddah". The alphabet with "Shaddah" is joined with the former alphabet and will be pronounced twice like the letter "s" in 'dis-solve'.

| Bus-su | بُسيُ | Åb-ba | أَبْ بَ = أَبْ |
|---------------|---------|----------------|------------------|
| Šaf-fa | صُف | Ån-na | أنْ نَ = أنْ |
| Šif-fi | صِف | Åj-ja | أَجْ جَ = أَجْ |
| Šuf-fu | صُفْ | Bas-sa | بسش س = بس |
| Åb-ban | أُباً | Rub-ba | رُبْ بَ = رُبُّ |
| Áb-bin | أُبُّ | U f-fin | أُفْ فِ = أَ فَّ |
| Áb-bun | 28 6 | im-ma | اِمْ مَ = اِمْ |
| Íj-jan | ا جًا | Bas-sa | بکسی |
| Įj-jin | الح الم | Bis-si | بسِ |

| Thum-ma | ن ا | Ůj-jun | 28 8 8 |
|------------------------------|--------|---------|--------|
| Sa <u>kh</u> - <u>kh</u> ara | سُخُر | Suf-fan | حُنفًا |
| Qud-dira | قُدِرَ | Suf-fin | صُفِّ |
| Tab-bat | ت شن | Suf-fun | مُفَّ |

Some more words

| Áy-yoo-ba | أيُّوب | Rab-bi | رَبِّـيْ |
|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| Kuw-wi-rat | حُوِرَتْ | Įn-ni | انِّئ |
| Lis-sil-mi | لِلسِّلْمِ | Ål-la-ma | عَلَّـمَ |
| Al-lā | اَلَ | Hat-ta | حَتّـــٰى |
| Wal-la | وَالْ | Kal-la | كَـلّا |
| Al-la-hu | علّاً | Rab-ba-na | رَبَّـنَا |
| Wal-la-hu | والله | Įy-yaka | إيّاك |
| Ad-dun-yā | الدُّنيــَا | Ghaf-fa-ru | غَفَّارُ |

| Wan-nas-la | وَالنَّسْلَ | Sij-jee-lin | سِجِیْلِ | |
|---------------------|-------------------|---|---|--|
| Al-Qur-āna | القــران | Fasab-biḥ | فُسَبِحْ | |
| Lidh-dhik-ri | لِلـــــــِدُكُرِ | Rab-bi-him | رَبِعِمْ | |
| Walā-kin-na | | ن | ولك | |
| Ákh-khar-ta | ı-ni | ٱخّدرتنى | | |
| Sar-raf-nā | | صَـرّفنا | | |
| Fa-um-mu-hu | | | فَامُّــهٔ | |
| Nab-bia-hum | | ن خ ف ف | | |
| Yadh-dhak-kara | | j | يَـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ | |
| Wa-laqal-yas-sar-na | | سّرنا | وَلَقَدْ يَ | |
| Ad-dun-ya | | الـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ | | |

| じ「ううじら | | ا ب آ = | اً بْ بَ = |
|-----------|---------|---|------------|
| = بش | ب س س | = أج | اً ج ج = |
| كُلخُ | صُفْ | صُفٌ | ا ب |
| رَبْنَا | | بُسيُّ | ا ج |
| خات! | سَخر | ا با | صَفّ |
| غَفتًارُ | قُدِّر | الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله | بُسَّ |
| سِجِيْلٍ | تُبْت | اً ب | اب |
| فَسَبِّحْ | حقت | ا جا | ء ج |
| زبنهم | رَبِّيْ | ء ج | صَف |
| أيتوب | إنّـي | 28 J | بس |

| وَلْكِنَّ | عَلَّمَ | صُفِّ | ا ا ا |
|---|-------------|--------------|------------|
| أخرتني | حَتْسى | | ا ج |
| لِلذِّكْرِ | وَالنَّسْلَ | وَالَّ | كُورَتْ |
| عَربِي | نبع | الله | صَرّفنــا |
| مُحَمَّدُ | يَـذَكَـرَ | وَاللَّهُ | فَأُمْــه |
| مُسَلَّمَةُ | وَلَـقدُ | الدُّنيَــا | لِلْسِّلْم |
| لِلــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ | لقُـران | يَسَّرْنَا ا | صُفْ |

The Arabic alphabet with mark (*Maddah* _~_) will be prolonged three or four times.

$$(Maaa = L) (Maa = L)$$

| ^t Aalāa | عَلـنّي | Ma | مَـا |
|------------------------|---------|------|----------|
| Māaa-aa | مَاءَ | Māa | ما |
| Dā <mark>aa</mark> -an | داء | Māaa | مَـا |
| Ṣāaa-in | صَاءٍ | Lā | Ý |
| Ba-lāaa-un | بالاغ | Lāa | Ž |
| Įnāa į | ~ [] | Lāaa | Y |
| Ďo <mark>o</mark> o-ú | خـف | Fiii | فِئ |
| Wa-ri-tha-hū | | | وَرِثَهُ |
| Áaal-aa-na | | | الشفن |

| Fii-aw-la-di-kum | فِي أُولادِكُم |
|---------------------|------------------|
| ์ U-laaa-ika-hum | أولئيك همه |
| Bimāa-un-zi-la | بِـمـَـا أنــزِل |
| Banii-İs-rāaa-ieela | بنتي إستراء يل |
| Įdhā-jāaa-āa | إذا جَاءَ |
| Naș-rul-lā-hi | نَصْـُراللهِ |
| Íl-lāa-ån-fu-sa-hum | اللا أنفسكم |
| Fa-man-ḥāaaj-ja-ka | فَـمن حَـاجَك |

| انت | مَاء | Z - | مَـا |
|---------------------|------------|---------------------------|---|
| ضوء | دًاءً | 3 | مَــا |
| وَرِثَهُ | مَاءِ | فِئي | آــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ |
| الشفن | بالاغ | عَــلني | Ý |
| صُرُ اللهِ | إذًا جَاءً | لادِحُمْ | فِـنِّي أَوْ |
| إِلاّ أَنْفُسَهُ مُ | | ی ه ف | أولئيا |
| فَمَـنْ حَـاجَك | | بِـمْـا أنْـزِلَ إِلَيْكَ | |
| إِلاً مَاشاء الله | | سْرَآءِيْالَ | بَـنيْ إِ |

The alphabet in "Muqat-tiaāt" Words are pronounced separately.

| Ha-Meeem | خمم | Nooon | | Ü |
|-------------------------|-----------|-------|---|-------|
| Ya-Seeen | ينس | Qaaaf | | قر |
| Ţa-Ha | ظــه | Şaaad | | ص |
| Aeeen-Seeen (|) aaaf | | (| عَـسق |
| Alif-Laaam-R | a | | | الّـز |
| Ţa-Seeen | | | ظـس | |
| Ţa-Seeen - Meeem | | 130 | الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله | |
| Alif-Laaam-Meeem | | | الم | |
| Alif-Laaam-Meeem Ra | | j | الم | |
| Kaaaf-Ha-Ya-Aeeen-Ṣaaad | | 5 | کهیعت | |
| Alif-Laaam-Meeem-Şaaad | | (| المصر | |

| النو | Ü |
|---------|---|
| ظــس | ق |
| ظـســــ | ص |
| الم | |
| السمر | ينس |
| كهيعص | ظــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ |
| المص | عَـسق |

The alphabet with "Sukoon" ($_$) is omitted before the alphabet with "Shaddah" ($_$) like. (Im-ma = [])

| Miw-wa | مِنْ وَ | Lad-da | لَتْ دّ |
|--|---------|--------|----------------------|
| Siw-wa | سٍ وَّ | Qat-ta | قَدْ تَ |
| Dhal-la | | Luk-ku | لُقْكُ |
| Įn-nun | 2 2 | Al-la | J° 5 1 |
| Jum-mu | 2 2 2 | Am-ma | عَنْ مُّ |
| Bay-ya | بً يّ | Daw-wa | دً و |
| أَنْدَادًا وَأَنْتُ مُ An-dā-daw-wa-an-tum | | | أَنْدَادًا وَّأَنْتُ |
| Miw-wa-raaa-i-him | | • | مِنْ وَرَائِهِ |

ظُلُمْتِ لا يُنْصِرُونَ

Žu-lu-mā-til-lā-yub-ši-roon

كن يَقدد عَليه

Lay-yaq-di-ra-alay-hi

إِنَّ اللهَ غَفُ وْرُ رَّحِيْمُ

În-nal-la-ha-gha-fu-rur-ra-heemun

| مْ وَ = مُـنُو | = ال | آن ل | لَتْ دَّ = لَــدَّ |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------|----------------------|
| مْ يَّ = مُنْسِيً | = عَـمّ | عن م = | قَدْتً = قَتَ |
| أَنْ لا إله | | = 2 2 = 2 | اِنْ م = اِم |
| مِنَ السَّمـَاءِ | = مِنْوَّ | مِنْ وَ | لُقْكُ = لُكُ |
| مِنْ رَّبِـلْكُ | = سِنُو | سٍ و ً = | دُوَّ = دَنْـوَّ |
| لَّــدُنْــهُ | مِـن | | نَصْرُ مِنَ اللهِ |
| و و رائِسهم | مِـن | | أَنْدَادًا وَ أَنْتُ |
| لدر علینه | لَنْ يَّة | _رُون | ظُلُمْتِ لا يُبْصِ |
| قُوْمٌ يَشْهَدُ | مُـرُ | | إِرْكَبْ مَعنَا |
| له غفور رّحیم | إِنَّ اللَّ | ٩ | مَـنْ يُـؤمِـر |

(i) If Noon with Sukoon or Tanween comes before "Baa" then it is pronounced "Meem".

| Ra-su-lum-bima | رَسُولٌ بِهَا |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Ám-ba-á-hum | أنباهم |
| Mim-baa-di-hi | مِـنْ بعـُـدِه |
| Kha-bi-ram-ba-și-ran | خبيراً بَصِيْ رًا |
| Naf-sum-bi-ma | نَفْسسْ بِـمَا |
| Sum-bu-la-tin | سُنبُلْتِ |
| Raj-um-ba-iee-dun | رَجْعٌ بَعِيدُ |
| Alee-mum-bi-ma | عَلِيْتُمْ بِـمَا |
| Fa-nā-zi-ra-tum-bi-ma | فَنظِرةٌ بِم |

(ii) The small alphabet "Noon" (i) in between two alphabets is joint with the alphabet coming next to Noon. It is called "Noon Quini" and will be pronounced with "Kasrah" (—).

| Nu-ḥu-nib-na-hu | نسوځ دِ ابنسه |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Qa-di-ru-nil-la-dhee | قَــدِيْرُ نِ الَّذِيْ |
| Ma-tha-la-nil-qaw-mi | مَشَالانِ الْقَاوْمِ |
| Khay-ra-nil-wa-siy-ya-tu | خيرَ نِ الْوَصِيَّةُ |
| Yaw-ma-i-dhi-nil-masā-qu | يَوْمَبِذِ نِ الْمَسَاقُ |
| Shay-a-nit-ta-khadha | شيئًا نِ اتّـخـذ |

| عَـلِيْمْ بِـمَا | رَسُولٌ بِـمَا |
|----------------------------|---|
| نـوځ دِ ابنـه | مِـنْ بَـعْدِهٖ |
| قَـدِيْـرُ فِ الّــذِي | أنبأهم |
| خير و الوصية | خبيرًا بَصِيرًا |
| مَـشَـلا فِ الْقَـوْمِ | شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ |
| يَوْمَئِدِ فِ الْحَمَسَاقُ | نفش بما |
| شيعًا فِ اتَّــشْ | رَجْعٌ بَعِيْدُ |

(i) When one stops at Round Taa (5), it will Pronounced like "Haa".

| Quw-wa-tan | قُوّ |
|----------------|----------------|
| Quw-wah | قُوّ |
| Al-qa-ri-aa-tu | الْقَارِعَةُ ۞ |
| Alqā-ri-aah | القَارِعَـهُ |
| Ka-li-ma-tan | كلِـمـة، |
| Ka-li-mah | كلِـمــه |
| Shir-aa-tan | شِـرْعـة ا |
| Shir-aah | شِرعَـهٔ |
| Kha-lee-fa-tan | خليْ ف ة، |
| Kha-lee-fah | خليفة |

(ii) The small alphabet "Seen" (\checkmark) is written above " \checkmark = Saad" as (\checkmark), this "Saad" can be read as Seen or Saad both.

| Yab-su-tu | يَنْ صَّطُ |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| Bas-ta-tan | بَصْطَة |
| Bi-mu-say-ti-rin | بِهُ صَيْطِ |
| Hu-mul-mu-say-ți-roona | هُمُ الْمَصَّيْطِرُونَ |

| وَيَبْصَطُ | قُوة قُوة |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| بَصْطَةً | الْقَارِعَةُ ۞ الْقَارِعَهُ |
| بِمُصِّيْطِ رِ | كُلِـمة كُلِمـة |
| هُمُ الْصَيْطِرُونَ | شِرْعَة، شِرْعَه |
| | خلِیْف |



بِسُ لِللهِ ٱلرَّمْ الرَّهِ اللهِ

أَلَوْتَرَكَيْفَ فَعَلَرَبُّكَ بِأَصْعَابِ ٱلْفِيلِ فِي أَلَوْ بَجْعَلَكَيْدَهُمْ فَكُورَ اللَّهِ الْفِيلِ فِي أَلَوْ بَجْعَلَكُيْدَهُمْ فَي تَضَلِيلِ فِي وَأَرْسَلَ عَلَيْم مَ طَيْرًا أَبَابِيلَ فِي تَرْمِيهِم فِي تَضَلِيلٍ فِي وَأَرْسَلَ عَلَيْم مَ طَيْرًا أَبَابِيلَ فِي تَرْمِيهِم بِعَارَةٍ مِن سِجِيلٍ فَي فَعَلَهُمْ كَعَصْفِ مَّأَحُولٍ فِي اللَّه عَلَيْهُمْ كَعَصْفِ مَّأَحُولٍ فِي اللَّه اللَّه عَلَيْهُمْ كَعَصْفِ مَّأَحُولٍ فِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

Sûrah 105. Al-Fîl (The Elephant) Sûratul-Fîl

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

- 1. 'Alam tara kayfa faʻala Rabbuka bi 'as-hâbil-feel?
- 2. 'Alam yaj'al kaydahum fee tadleel?
- 3. Wa 'arsala 'alayhim tayran 'abâbeel.
- **4.** Tarmeehim bihijâratim-min sijjeel.
- 5. Faja 'alahum ka 'as-fimma 'kool.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

Have you (O Muhammad ﷺ) not seen how your Lord dealt with the Owners of the Elephant? [The Elephant Army which came from Yemen under the command of Abrahah Al-Ashram intending to destroy the Ka'bah at Makkah]

Did He not make their plot go astray?

And He sent against them birds, in flocks,

Striking them with stones of Sijjîl (baked clay).

And He made them like (an empty field of) stalks (of which the corn has been eaten up by cattle).



بِسْ لِللهِ ٱلرَّمْرِ ٱلرَّحْرِ الرَّحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَّحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْمِ الرَّحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْرِ الرَحْمِ الرَّحْرِ الرَحْمِ الرَحْمُ الرَّحْرِ الرَحْمِ الرَّحْرِ الرَحْمِ المَلْحِيْمِ المُعْرِ المُعْرِ المُعْرِ الْمُعْرِ الْمُعْ

لإِيلَفِ قُرَيْشٍ ﴿ إِعَلَافِهِمْ رِحْلَةَ ٱلشِّتَآءِ وَٱلصَّيفِ لِإِيلَفِ قُرَيْشٍ وَلَهُ الشِّتَآءِ وَٱلصَّيفِ فَالْكِينِ فَي فَلْيَعْ بُدُوا رَبَّ هَنذَا ٱلْبَيْتِ فَي ٱلَّذِي ٱلَّذِي ٱلْطَعَمَهُم مِن خُوفِ وَءَامنَهُم مِنْ خَوْفِ فَي مِن خَوْفِ فَي

Sûrah 106. Quraish (Quraish) Sûratu Quraish

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

- 1. Li 'eelâfi Quraish.
- 2. 'Eelâfihim rihlatash-shitâ'i was-sayf.
- 3. Falya 'budoo Rabba hâdhal-bayt.
- **4.** Alladhee 'at 'amahum min joo 'in wa 'âmanahum min khawf.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

(It is a great Grace and Protection from Allâh) for the taming of the Quraish,

(And with all those Allâh's Grace and Protections for their taming, We cause) the (Quraish) caravans to set forth safe in winter (to the south) and in summer (to the north without any fear),

So let them worship (Allâh) the Lord of this House (the Ka'bah in Makkah),

(He) Who has fed them against hunger, and has made them safe from fear.



بِسْ لِللهِ ٱلرَّمْرِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

Sûrah 107. Al-Mâ'ûn (The Small Kindnesses) Sûratul-Mâ'ûn

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

- 1. 'Ara'aytal-ladhee yukadhdhibu bid-deen?
- **2.** Fadhâlikal-ladhee yadu'-'ul-yateem.
- 3. Wa lâ yahuddu 'alâ ta'âmilmiskeen.
- **4.** Fawaylul-lilmusalleen.
- 5. Alladheena hum 'an salâtihim sâhoon.
- 6. Alladheena hum yurâ'oon.
- 7. Wa yamna 'oonal-mâ 'oon.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

Have you seen him who denies the Recompense?

That is he who repulses the orphan (harshly),

And urges not on the feeding of Al-Miskîn (the poor),

So woe unto those performers of Salât (prayers) (hypocrites),

Those who delay their *Salât* (prayer from their stated fixed times).

Those who do good deeds only to be seen (of men),

And withhold *Al-Mâ'ûn* (small kindnesses like salt, sugar, water).



بِسْ لِللهِ الرَّمْ الرَّالِيَ عَلَيْ الرَّهُ وَ الْمُ الْرَحْدِ الْمُ الْرَحْدِ الْمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّه

Sûrah 108. Al-Kawthar (The River in Paradise) Sûratul-Kawthar

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

- 1. 'Innâ 'a 'taynâ kal-kawthar.
- 2. Fasalli li-Rabbika wanhar.
- 3. 'Inna shâni 'aka huwal-'abtar.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

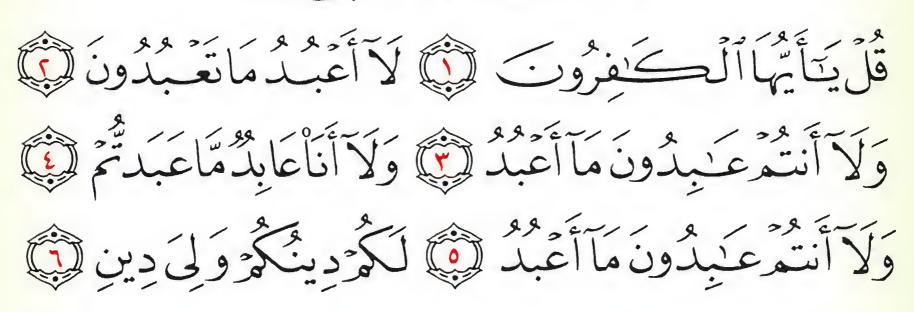
Verily, We have granted you (O Muhammad ﷺ) *Al-Kauthar* (a river in Paradise).

Therefore turn in prayer to your Lord and sacrifice (to Him only).

For he who hates you (O Muhammad ﷺ), he will be cut off (from posterity and every good thing in this world and in the Hereafter).



بِسُ لِللهِ ٱلرَّمْرِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ



Sûrah 109. Al-Kâfiroon (The Disbelievers) Sûratul-Kâfiroon

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

1. Qul yâ'ayyuhal-kâfiroon.

- 2. Lâ 'a 'budu mâ ta 'budoon.
- 3. Wa lâ 'antum 'âbidoona mâ 'a 'bud.
- **4.** Wa lâ 'ana 'âbidum-mâ 'abattum.
- 5. Wa lâ 'antum 'âbidoona mâ 'a 'bud.
- 6. Lakum deenukum wa liya deen.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

Say (O Muhammad ﷺ to these *Mushrikûn* and *Kâfirûn*):

- "O Al-Kâfirûn (disbelievers in Allâh, in His Oneness, in His Angels, in His Books, in His Messengers, in the Day of Resurrection, and in Al-Qadar)!"
- "I worship not that which you worship,"
- "Nor will you worship that which I worship."
- "And I shall not worship that which you are worshipping."
- "Nor will you worship that which I worship."
- "To you be your religion, and to me my religion (Islâmic Monotheism)."



بِسُ لِللهِ ٱلرَّمْ الرَّمْ الرَمْ الرَّمْ الرَّمْ الرَمْ الرَمْ الرَمْ المِلْمُ المُعْلَمْ المُعْلِمُ المُعْلِمُ المُعْلَمُ المُعْلِمُ المُعْلَمُ المُعْلِمُ المُعْلِمُ المُعْلَمُ المُعْلِمُ المُعْلَمُ المُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ المُعْلِمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ المُعْلِمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ

Sûrah 110. An-Nasr (The Help) Sûratun-Nasr

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

- 1. 'Idhâ jâ'a nasrullahi wal-fath.
- 2. Wa ra'aytan-nâsa yadkhuloona fee deenillâhi 'afwâjâ.
- 3. Fasabbih bihamdi Rabbika wastaghfirhu, 'Innahu kâna tawwâbâ.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

When there comes the Help of Allâh (to you, O Muhammad against your enemies) and the Conquest (of Makkah).

And you see that the people enter Allâh's religion (Islâm) in crowds.

So glorify the Praises of your Lord, and ask His Firgiveness. Verily, He is the One Who accepts the repentance and Who forgives.



بِسُ لِللهِ ٱلرَّحْمَرِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

تَبَتْ يَدَا أَبِي لَهَبِ وَتَبَ شَيْ مَا أَغَنَىٰ عَنْهُ مَالُهُ, وَمَا تَبَقُ مَا لُهُ, وَمَا حَسَبَ الْ سَيَصَلَى نَا رَا ذَاتَ لَهَبِ اللهُ وَامْرَأَتُهُ, وَمَا تَحْهُمُ حَسَبَ اللهُ سَيَصَلَى نَا رَا ذَاتَ لَهَبِ اللهُ وَامْرَأَتُهُ, وَمَا لَدُ الْحَطَبِ اللهُ فِي جِيدِهَا حَبُلٌ مِن مَسَدِ اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ الْحَطَبِ اللهُ فِي جِيدِهَا حَبُلٌ مِن مَسَدِ اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ الدَّالَةُ الْحَطَبِ اللهُ فِي جِيدِهَا حَبُلٌ مِن مَسَدِ اللهُ

Sûrah 111. Al-Masad (The Palm Fibre) Sûratul-Masad

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

- 1. Tabbat yadâ 'Abee Lahabin wa tabb.
- 2. Mâ 'aghnâ 'anhu mâluhu wa mâ kasab.
- 3. Sayaslâ nâran dhâta lahab.
- **4.** Wam-ra'atuhu hammâlatal-hatab.
- 5. Fee jeedihâ hablummim-masad.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

Perish the two hands of Abû Lahab (an uncle of the Prophet ﷺ) and perish he!

His wealth and his children will not benefit him!

He will be burnt in a Fire of blazing flames!

And his wife, too, who carries wood (thorns of *Sa'dân* which she used to put on the way of the Prophet , or used to slander him).

In her neck is a twisted rope of *Masad* (palm fiber).



بِسْ لِللهُ الرَّمْ اللَّهُ الرَّمْ اللَّهُ الرَّمْ اللَّهُ الرَّمْ اللَّهُ الرَّمْ اللَّهُ الللْمُلِمُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْمُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

Sûrah 112. Al-Ikhlâs or At-Tauhîd (The Purity) Sûratul-Ikhlâs

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

- 1. Qul Huwallâhu 'ahad.
- 2. Allâhus-Samad.
- 3. Lam yalid, wa lam yoolad.
- **4.** Wa lam yakul-lahu kufuwan 'ahad.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

Say (O Muhammad ﷺ): "He is Allâh, (the) One."

"Allâh-us-Samad (السيد الذي يصد إليه في الحاجات) [Allâh — the Self- Sufficient Master, Whom all creatures need, (He neither eats nor drinks)]."

"He begets not, nor was He begotten."

"And there is none co-equal or comparable unto Him."



بِسَ اللهِ أَلرَّمُ الرَّمُ الرَّمِ الرَّمُ الرَّمِ الرَّمِ الرَّمِ الرَّمِ الرَّمِ الرَّمِ الرَّمِ الرَّمُ الرَّمِ الْمِلْمِي الْمِلْمِ المِلْمِي الْمِلْمِي الْمِلْمِ المِلْمِ المِلْمِ المِلْمِي ال

قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِ ٱلْفَكَقِ فِي مِن شَرِّمَا خَلَقَ فَ وَمِن شَرِّمَا خَلَقَ فَ وَمِن شَرِّعَا خَلَقَ فَ وَمِن شَرِّعَا سِقِ إِذَا وَقَبَ فِي وَمِن شَرِّعَا سِدِ إِذَا حَسَدَ فِي الْمُعَدَدِ فِي وَمِن شَرِّحَا سِدٍ إِذَا حَسَدَ فِي الْمُعَدِدِ فِي وَمِن شَرِّحَا سِدٍ إِذَا حَسَدَ فِي

113. Sûrah Al-Falaq (The Daybreak) Sûratul-Falaq

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

- 1. Qul 'a 'oodhu bi-Rabbil-falaq.
- 2. Min sharri mâ khalaq.
- **3.** Wa min sharri ghâsiqin 'idhâ waqab.
- **4.** Wa min sharrin-naffâthâti fil uqad.
- **5.** Wa min sharri hâsidin 'idhâ hasad

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

Say: "I seek refuge with (Allâh), the Lord of the daybreak,"

"From the evil of what He has created."

"And from the evil of the darkening (night) as it comes with its darkness; (or the moon as it sets or goes away),"

"And from the evil of those who practise witchcraft when they blow in the knots,"

"And from the evil of the envier when he envies."



بِسُ لِللهِ الرَّمْزِ الرَّحِيمِ

قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِ ٱلنَّاسِ ﴿ مَلِكِ ٱلنَّاسِ ﴿ إِلَكِ النَّاسِ ﴾ النَّاسِ ﴾ الذي النَّاسِ ﴾ الذي النَّاسِ ﴾ الذي النَّاسِ ﴾ الذي النَّاسِ ﴾ الذي يُوسُوسُ فِ صُدُورِ النَّاسِ ﴾ الذي يُوسُوسُ فِ صُدُورِ النَّاسِ ﴾ مِن الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ ﴾

Sûrah 114. An-Nâs (Mankind) Sûratun-Nâs

Bismillâhir-Rahmânir-Raheem.

- 1. Qul'a 'oodhu bi-Rabbin-nâs.
- 2. Malikin-nâs.
- 3. 'Ilâhin-nâs.
- 4. Min sharril-waswâsil-khannâs.
- 5. Alladhee yuwaswisu fee sudoorin-nâs.
- 6. Minal-jinnati wan-nâs.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

Say: "I seek refuge with (Allâh) the Lord of mankind,"

"The King of mankind —"

"The *Ilâh* (God) of mankind,"

"From the evil of the whisperer (devil who whispers evil in the hearts of men) who withdraws (from his whispering in one's heart after one remembers Allâh)."

"Who whispers in the breasts of mankind."

"Of jinn and men."

